

# Government

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# Optimum Irrigation Management

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Sarah Sommerfeld, PAg Irrigation Agronomy Workshop March 18 & 20, 2014



#### **Outline**

- Scheduling approach for projects
- Moisture monitoring technologies
- Are you irrigating to crop potential?
- Water management considerations



## **Irrigation Scheduling**









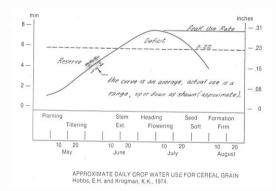
# What is Irrigation Scheduling?

- Ensure that water is consistently available to the plant and that it is applied according to crop requirements
- Improve water use efficiency
- Improve profitability

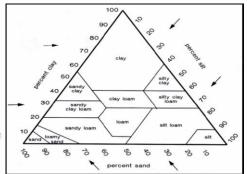


## Our approach



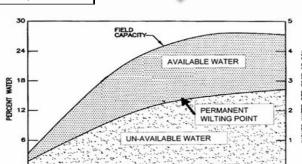












INCREASE IN TEXTURAL HEAVINESS --



CLAY

#### Soil Moisture Monitoring Equipment



John Deere Field Connect



Watermark™ sensor



Tensiometer\_



Soil Auger

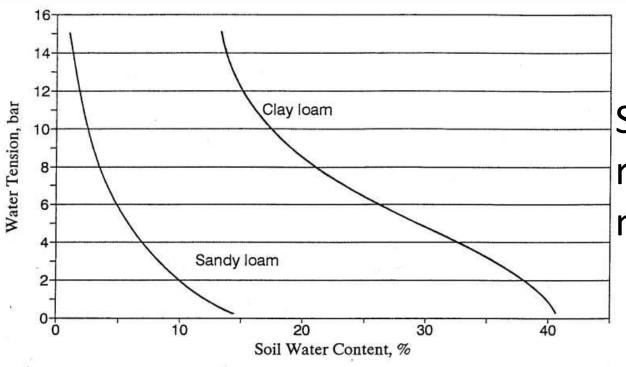
## What are these readings telling us???

When there is lots of water in the soil – tension is low



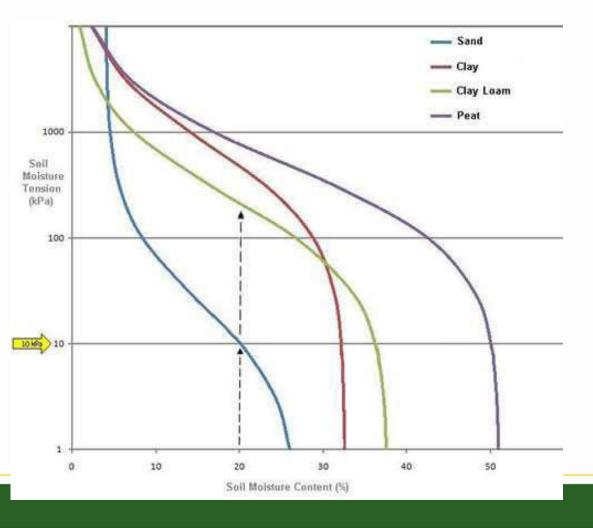
As soil dries – tension increases





Soil tension related to soil moisture





When do you irrigate?
Depends on soil texture of the field



# What has been the uptake by irrigation producers to use of soil water instruments for irrigation scheduling?

- United States 10.4% of the irrigators use soil water instruments for irrigation scheduling.
   ( Henggeler et al., 2010)
- Southern Alberta -Henning et al. 2008, reported about 9% of irrigators in the Taber area and 6% in the Raymond area.
- Australia and New Zealand about the same



## What equipment are producers using?







## **Scheduling Models**

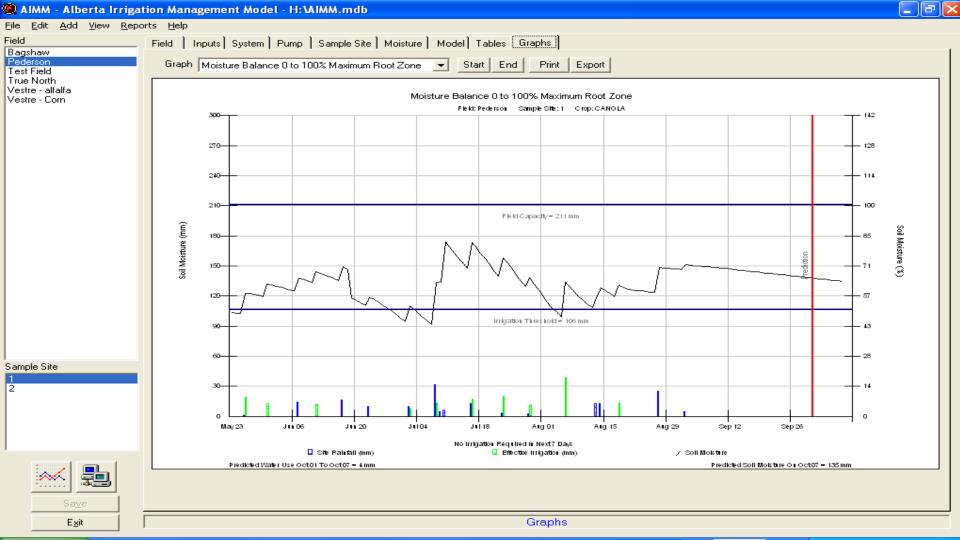
#### Weather based

- Estimation of soil moisture
- Estimation of evapotranspiration (ET)









# Many other options ....



**HoboNode** sensors





Wireless TDR sensor







### Are these options realistic ....







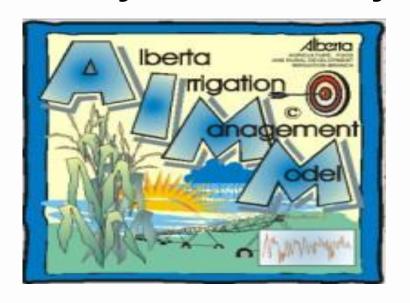
## So even if you are using this ...







### And if you are okay with computers ...





http://agriculture.alberta.ca/acis/imcin/about.jsp



# TCDC= Irrigation Crop Diversification Corp.



Gary Kruger



Rory Cranston



Sarah Sommerfeld



**Garry Hnatowich** 



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## **Crop Water Use**

Crop	Total Water Use (mm)	Peak Use (mm/day)	Allowable Depletion (%)
Silage Corn	500 - 550	8	40
Canola	400 - 480	7	40
HRSW	420 - 480	7	40
Dry beans	300 – 375	7	40



## What is adequately irrigated?

Inches Applied						
8	10	12	13	15	16	
Peas	Barley	HRSW	SWSW	Alfalfa	Faba bean	
Dry bean	Oats	Durum	Canola			
Cereal silage	Flax	CPS	Corn			
		Soybean	Potato			



## **Irrigation Operation Considerations**

- Canola requires 13 inches irrigation
- Centre pivot efficiency = 0.80
  - Irrigation applied = 16.25 inches
- Designed for 7 US gal/minute/acre (900 gpm)
  - 0.3 inches/acre/day
- Need to operate system 54 days to apply 16.25 inches





IRRIGATION

# Irrigation Scheduling Manual











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